WASHINGTON.

The Unseen Hand that Prompted the Potter Committee.

SOUTHERN CONGRESSMEN BEWILDERED

Is Mr. Tilden Pulling the Wires that Move the Puppets?

TENNESSEE DEMOCRATS IN A RAGE.

An Address To Be Published in Response to Secretary Key.

Trouble Over the Necessary Expenses of the Investigation.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1878. SECRETARY KEY'S LETTER AND ITS EFFECTS-DEMOCRATS ANNOTED AT THEIR POSITION BEFORE THE COUNTRY-EVIDENCE OF SECRET INFLUENCES AT WORK.

The democrats are deeply annoyed here to-day at the letter of Postmaster General Key, urging Southern men not to support for the next Congress any man lution of inquiry into the Presidential title. It was an unexpected blow, and the more telling upon few exceptions, irritated at having been coursed in few exceptions, irritated at having been coerced in some way, they know not how, into supporting the Potter resolution against their better judgment and intentions. The Southern democrats in particular are annoyed, because they find themselves accused by Mr. Key of revolutionary designs which they have not entertained, but for which their foolish support of the Potter resolution has, as they seel, given at least a color. They are amazed, puzzied and indignant. They feel that somehowthey do not quite comprehend how—they have been led into a false position and probable that any one of them will be bold enough to bring in a resolution repealing that of Mr. Potter, but a large number of them are indignant enough to do it, and if such a resolution could got before the House under the rules, there is excellent reason for believing that Mr. Potter's committee would be dis-

The democrats go about in private, in a maze and with puzzied minds, asking each other, "Who did this "Who consented to it beforehand?" and their indigcuous leader of their party was even asked abou the propriety of the resolution or the inquiry. Not one, except the Speaker, who appears to have been the only leading democrat here in the councils of the be known that he know nothing of the matter antil, at the last moment, he was informed by telethe democratic Senators-Bayard, Thurman, Ran loiph, Kernan, Lamar, Gordon, Beck, Hill, Morgan, Garland and others—not one, so far as is known, was even allowed to know anything of what was proposed. were carefully kept in ignorance of what was proposed. In the House the same care was observed to sep the secret from the most important men. It ne not strange, therefore, that new, when ever and to disgover that mobody except the half dozen who were sogaged in it was consusted, they go about wondering how it was done, whose was the unseen hand that so boldly manipulated the whole matter, and how the whole democratic delegation in the House was led into supporting a measure which so late as the 24th of April, as appears by inry:ews in the HERALD, all but twelve opposed with contempt. That an unseen hand was at work in the natter begins to be plain to many of them as they notes. A Southern democrat, who in the HEMALD interview was strongly opposed to any meas-

"No." he said, "that is what I thought, and that is what I still think. The whole thing is unwise and

"Yer, I did. Two or three leading newspapers in my district auddenly came out for it and threatened dared to oppose it, and I did not like to go against the sentiment of my district."

"Was there really an excitement among your peo-ple about it? Did you receive letters from your constituents urging you to support it?"

"No, but these newspapers came out all at once with sharp articles and paragraphs, which were sent to me marked, and you can see that would naturally

Were any public meetings held in your district

"No: only this sudden outburst in the press and that is what I find everybody tells me of his own fistrict. The newspapers all at once blew out, and threatened every man's seat who dared to oppose the

New what is noticeable in this metres is that the a the general experience of Congressmen, particularly n the South. So far as they knew, the public mind n their districts was not excited on the subtest facir people made no demands on them; it was not flacussed; no meetings were held about it; no letters from prominent citizens came to warn them that they sudden outburst in the newspapers at the critical moment when it was secossary to the purposes of the Unseen Hand that Representatives should be misled and cocroed by threats from home. Who did it?

Hand was Mr. Tilden's; that his famous literary sureau prepared or inspired these simultaneous ful-minations; that as Colonei Pelton is known to have some to Baltimore to arrange in a private meeting with Mr. Randall and a few others the exact time and minner in which the resolution should be introduced and pushed, so it was from the New York which were intended to alarm and deceive Representatives here and coerce them into supnot been consulted peforchand of the form and inten tion of which they had been carefully kept ignorant mitted to a caucus, and of which, in fact, they know so little that even their tynorance helped to lead them satray. For they argued: -"The men who are push ing the must have positive proofs in their hands or they would not dare to be so confident."

So far as your correspondent has been able to an HERALD interviews of April 24 as opposed to the measure has since changed his mind. Of course the suit of careful and extended general inquiry develop the fact that men think now as they thought then of the measure and think it wrong and unwise. If, as the general opinion here begins to be, it was really House of Representatives one cannot help but marvel at the industry and dexterity with which he led his party into what all of them now see and almost all shand declared to be a gross blander.

It is remarked here by shrewd democrats that Speaker Randall has put on the Potter committee imost every one of his rivals for the Speaker's chair. The post of honor is the post of danger," some one said when this was pointed out, and the Speaker in sesigning to leading places on the committee Potter. Morrison, MacMahon, Bunton and Blackburn, all possible candidates for the Speaker's chair, and dangerous candidates, too, did a shrewd stroke of busisus members of the commistee are not

pleased that they were put on it, and mean to be ou their guard to have no special responsibilities cast "pon them individually. The assignment of members to sub-committees will prove a matter of some difficulty, as several members privately say that they will not go on sub-committees. They will not be made sist that the whole committee shall go to Louisiana and Florida, so that all shall be equally responsible.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASSINGTON, May 29, 1878. TENNESSEE DEMOCRATS INDIGNANT AT MR. RET'S LETTER-TENOR OF AN ADDRESS TO BE PREPARED IN RESPONSE.

The democratic representatives from Tennessee are Mr. Casey Young, who has been the most conservative member of the delegation on t he subject of investigation, is the most indignant. He proposed to-day that the democrats of the Tennessee delegation hold a meeting and adopt a formal reply to the Key letter. This proposition met with favor, except from Measra. Whitthorne and Brighs, who held that Mr. Key and Whithorne and Bright, who held that Mr. Key and his production were not estitled to so much consider-ation. It was finally agreed to prepare an address to the democracy of Tennessee is reply to Mr. Key's letter, and Congressman House was authorized to write it. This address will be presented to the members within a day or two for their signa-tores, after which it will be published. Its trnor be about as follows:-Mr. Key's political course will be reviewed from the time he was a leader of the whig party to show that he is not qualified to advise the democracy. His acceptance of a position in Mr. Hayes' Cabinet and subsequent course will be ually drifting from the democracy, and it will be claimed his letter was prepared and issued in the inclaimed his letter was prepared and issued in the interest of the republican party; that it is simply an
appeal to the people of the South to elect republicans in place of the democrats who
now represent them in Congress. It will
be asserted that Mr. Key has allied himself with the
the republican party in its attempts to control the
next House of Representatives, and that this lotter
really emanates from the members of Mr. Hayes' administration who are particularly anxious to prevent ministration who are particularly anxious to prevent House. This endeavor to establish Mr. Key's connection with the republican party and its interests will be followed by a review of the history of Tennessee under republican rule, and the people will be asked if they desire a return of that rule. The benefits that have followed the return of democracy to power will then be pointed out, and the people will be appealed to to stand by their party colors, ignere Mr. Key and the Hayes administration, and to return none but tried democratic members indorse any revolutionary Union will be repeiled in sharp and severe language. THE POTTER COMMITTEE IN SECRET SESSION-

BLE ABOUT THE NECESSARY APPROPRIATION. The Electoral Investigating Committee held another lengthy session this afternoon with closed doors. The members unanimously agreed to keep the proceedings they did. It is understood, however, that, after a protracted discussion, it was resolved to pursue the investigation in secret session, at least in the earlier stages of the inquiry, and to leave to a future ceedings public, according as the propriety of so was also decided to send a sub-committee to Louisiana and another to Florids, and part of the session was occonstitute these sub-committees

SUB-COMMITTEES TO BE SENT SOUTH-TROU-

The democratic majority of the committee foresce trouble should they attempt to expend money in sending sub-committees to the Southern States or in sitting here during the recess of Congress without a preliminary appropriation. They agreed upon the sum of \$20,000 as the amount necessary to carry on the work of investigation, and a bill appropriating that sum was reported to the House by the Chairman of the was reported to the House by the Chairman of the Appropriation Committee to-day. The republicans aucoceded by parliamentary taction in postponing its present consideration, but its ultimate passage by the House can be depended upon. It is feared, however, that the Senate will defeat it and leave the committee to take the risk of incurring a heavy expense without legal sanction.

The republicans say that all this trouble about an appropriation is only a pretext of some of the democrats to back out of an investigation which they begin to see is likely to turn out a fixele. Hence it was so many democrats were ready to-day to adjourn on the 17th of June, the interval being so short there will not be time to push the appropriation through the Senate, and the pretence will be made that the

mittee arises from the exhaustion of the regular contingent fund of the flouse by expenses incurred by the several committees which have been pursuing various investigations already, especially the Giover committee, which has taken a great deal of testimony. The contingent fund of each branch of Congress is provided in advance by the proceding Congress. In this instance it has been exhausted by the long segsion, Congress having been continuously at work since the 15th of October last

ARMY AFFAIRS-BILLS BEPORTED BY THE HOUSE MILITARY COMMITTEE.

The House Military Committee has directed Congressman Bragg, of Wisconsin, to prepare a bill proriding for three classes of awards to be given to inventors of magazine guns of the army, to be submitted to the Ordnance Board, which reconvenes at Springfield Armory June 10. The awards are to be of

to adopt the section interpolated in the Army Ap-propriation bill providing for lineal promotion in the army the House Military Committee has directed Congressman Maish, of Pennsylvania, to report favor ably his bill, providing that promotion of commissioned officers shall be lineal through all grades up to and including colonel of cavalry, artillery or infantry and not by regiments as has been the rule followed by the Adjutant General. Except that when officers votuntarily transfer to different corps both officers shall rank according to date of the be assigned July 1 and January 1 of each year by the Secretary of War as captains and first licutenants as they may be promoted, as may be deemed most benedeial for the service and to save transportation ex-

GENERAL WASHINGTON DESPATCHES.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

An official statement made by the Bureau of tistics shows that the amount of experts and imports during ten months of the current fiscal year ended April 30, 1878, were as follows:--

NO APPOINTMENTS TO THE MILITARY AND

NAVAL ACADEMIES. No appointments as cadets to the Military Academy or of cadet engineers and cadet midshipmen to the Naval Academy at large have been made this year. nor will there be until the pending bill prescribing the manner of those appointments is disposed of.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS. SENATE.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1878. To-morrow being Decoration Day, on motion of Mr. ANTHONY, (rep.) of R. L., it was ordered that when the Senate adjourn to-day it be to meet on Friday next

Mr. SARGEST, (rep.) of Cal., five minutes before the expiration of the morning hour, moved to take up the House bill to relieve certain legal disabilities of women so as to allow them to practise in United States

Mr. HARLIN, (rep.) of Me., and others, opposed the

motion on account of insufficient time to consider the bill, as the Legislative Appropriation bill would come up as unfinished business at the expiration of the

The motion was rejected by a tio vote, year 26, nays 26 Messrs. Butler, McDonaid and Voorhies voted with the republicans, in the affirmative, and Messrs. Conk. ling, Davis of Illinois and Hamilu with the democrats in the pegative.

Mr. SARGENT said the vote was encouraging, and be would submit the motion again at an early day.

The Sepate then proceeded with the consideration of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation

The Seaste then proceeded with the consideration of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bill.

Mr. Windom, (rep.) of Minn., chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, in charge of the bill, and the total estimates for the Legislative, Judicial and Executive departments of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, were \$16,502,017 90. The total amount appropriated for the current fiscal year was \$15,537,581 30. To that had been added by various deficiency bills \$340,945 47, making a total of \$15,878,226. 77 for the year 1878. The total amount appropriated by the bill now before the Seaste, as it came from the Committee on Appropriations, was \$15,554,942, being \$313,584 77 leas than the appropriation for the current facility ear. If there were any objections to the bill, it was probably on account of appropriations being too small, rather than too large. The bill was by no means as formidable as the several hundred amendments would indicate. There were cortain general principles governing sill of them.

In the first place, the House of Representatives assumed to revise the compensation and reduce the number of employed of the Seaste. The Senate Committee would not agree thereto, and submitted amendments to reinstate the employed and mention the compensation of sill as how fixed.

The House bill undertook to regrade the several clauses of clerks in the Executive departments of the government. This reorganization, or rather disorganization, of the clerical force extended to all the departments. The House had provided for certain clerks at an annuel compensation of \$1,000 cach, but the Senate Committee would not upon the service of the service

United States, were agreed to without any dobate whatever.

An amendment of the committee, providing that before the expenditure of any of the \$75,000 appropriated for the New Orleans Mint, the city of New Orleans abail rolease to the United States all trite and claim to the lands and premises upon which said mint is located, was agreed to.

The clause of the buil fixing the compensation of members of the Territorial legislatures at \$4 per day and mileage was amended by striking out all of that portion of the House bill in regard to districting the Territories and apportionment of members in the legislatures.

portion of the House bill in regard to districting the Territories and apportionment of members in the logislatures.

The committee reperted an amendment to strike out of the House bill the clause forbidding the Commissioner of Pansious from dropping pensioners from the folls upon exparte statements taken by special agents. Agreed to.

Another amendment of the committee, appropriating \$5,000 for investigating the histery and habits of insects injurious to agriculture and for experiments in ascertaining the beat means of cestroying them, was agreed to.

THE ADJOURNESHY QUESTION.

Pending consideration of the bill a message was recolved from the House of Representatives announcing that that body had agreed to the Senste concurrent resolution in regard to a final adjournment of Congress, with an amendment, fixing the date as Jane 17 instead of June 10.

Mr. Harlin, of Maine, said he suggested the propriety of taking up and acting upon the amendment of the House now. The carrier the question of adjournment should be determined the better it would be undermined the better it would be more an experiment of the resolution and said it would interrupt the consideration of the Legislative Appropriation bill to take it up now. He intended to make a motion to refer it to the Committee on appropriations.

Mr. Paddock (rep. of Neb.), from the Conference Committee on the bill to amend section 2,464 of the revised statutes of the Usited States, reliative to the colitivation of timber on the public demain, submitted a report which was agreed to, and the bill passed.

revised statutes of the Usited States, relative to the colitivation of timber on the public demain, sebmitted a report which was agreed to, and the bill passed. The consideration of the Legislative Appropriation bill was then resumed.

The amendment of the Senate Committee reinstating the office of naval soliciter abolished by the House of Representatives was agreed to.

The Amendment of the Senate Committee reinstating the office of naval soliciter abolished by the House of Representatives was agreed to.

Pending discussion Mr. Hilliams moved that the Army Appropriation Mills be read by title and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Hemission, (rep.) of R. I., moved to refer that portion of the bill could not be divided for purposes of reference, and the point was austained by the Chair.

The bill was then referred to the Committee on Appropriations and the Senate resumed consideration of the Legislative Appropriation bill.

Mr. Hown, (rep.) of Wis., submitted an amendment from the Library Committee to give the Librarian of Congress three additional assistants at \$1,200 each per annum. Agreed to.

Mr. Sargent, of California, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported as amendment appropriating \$500 for additional compensation to the chief cierk of

per annum. Agreed to.

Mr. Sargent, of California, from the Committee on
Naval Affairs, reported an amendment appropriating
\$500 for additional compensation to the cnief cierk of
the Navy Department while acting as assistant secrelary and the same amount for additional compensation to a cierk of class four while acting as cnief cierk;
also \$1,000 for a stenographer. Agreed to,
rending diceassion on the Legigative bill Mr.
Wisdom, from the Conference Committee on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, summitted
a report, which was agreed to end the bill passed.

Mr. Spencen, (rep.) of Ala., from the Committee on
Commerce, reported, with amendments, the River
and Harbor Appropriation bill, and gave notice that
he would call it up for consideration on Saturday.
In reply to a question of Mr. Merrill as to how much
it appropriated, Mr. Spencen said it was an increase
over the House bill of about \$900,000. The bill was
placed on the calendar. placed on the calendar.

The Senate then, at six o'clock P. M., adjourned until Friday.

HOUSE OF BEPRESENTATIVES.

WASHINGTON, May 29, 1578. Immediately after the reading of the journal Mr Woop, (dem.) of N. Y., called up the Senate accourt ment resolution and moved to postpone its further consideration until Saturday, June 8, and the year and nays were ordered thereon.

There being a number of vacant seats on the dem cratic side Mr. Reagan, of Texas, asked if it were in order to have a call of the House, to which the peaker replied that he thought there was a quorum

there is a quorum present I move that the House adjourn. Mr. HALE, (rep.) of Mr .- Does the gentleman want

to flibuster on his own motion? Mr. Woon-No, sir; but I want a fair, square vote

The year and nays being taken on the motion to djourn, it was defeated. The vote was then taken on the motion to postpone the consideration of the resolution for the final ad

journment until June 8, and it was deleated-year 124, nays 152. This was a party vote, with the ex-ception of Messra. Aiken, Bell, Band, Bouck, Buck. ception of Messra. Alken, Bell, Band, Bouck, Buckner, Cutler, Fuller, Hardenbergh, Landers, Morgan, Morse, Pridenore, Rea and White of New York, who yored with the republicans, and the three Kansas members, Messra. Haskell, Phillips and Ryan, who yoted with the democrats.

Mr. Keller, (rep.) of Pa., stated that he was paired with Mr. McKiniev, of Ohio, otherwise he would have yoted in the allimative.

Mr. Wood then moved to lay the Benate resolution on the table.

The question being taken on the motion to lay the Senate resolution on the table. It was rejected—yeas 125, nays 131.

This yole was the same as the preceding one, with the exception that Messra. Buckner and Bland this time yole was the same as the proceding one, with the exception that Messra. Buckner and Bland this time yole with their political associates.

Mr. Goods, (dem., of Va., moved to amend the resolution so is to fix the day for final adjournment on the 20th June.

Mr. Halk, (rep.) of Me., made the point of order that no amenument was in order, as the previous question was still operating.

Inc Spraken.—This proposition came up as a question of privilege, and the gentleman from New York (Mr. Wood) ineved to postpone its consideration until June 8. The question was then asked of the Chair

whelber the effect of sustaining the previous question carried the House is a vote on the resolution itself, and the Chair decises that it did. There is but one way that the chair knows of the thick is resolution can be smended if the propositions, and it will strip the projections and a motion to recoesses and it will strip the projection of the previous destion and amendments will be in order.

Mr. Wood—As I understand it, the Chair has very properly determined that the project question is operative. I desire to know whether if the House rejuse to concur in the resolution in the will be competent to move a new proposition fixing some later day.

The SPRAKER replied that it would.

Mr. Wood—I give notice that that is my intention.

The vote was then taken on concurring in the seaste resolution, and it was rejected—year 127, nays 131.

This time Messrs, Bell, Hardenbergh and Landers This time Messrs, Bell, Hardenbergh and Landers voied with their party.

Mr. Wood then moved to reconsider the vote just taken, and that being agreed to moved to amend the resolution so as to fix June 24 as the day for finat adjournment.

Mr. Chymen, (dem.) of Pa., moved to amend by inserting June 17. Mr. Glymer's amendment was agreed to—yeas, 164; nays, 93; and then the Senato resolution as thus amended was adopted without a division.

Mr. CLYMEN, idem.) of P.A., moved to amend by inserting June 17. Mr. Clymer's amendment was agreed to—year, 164; nayr, 95; and then the Senate resolution as thus amended was adopted without a division.

The resolution now goes back to the Senate, and that body may either concur at once in the amendment (thus virtually closing the question) or it may abstain from floal action until within a day or two of the 17th of June, when it will be able to junge whether either from public or from party considerations it will be necessary to extend the time or to adjourn on that day.

THE CUSHILAR AND IMPLOMATIC BILL.

Mr. Singleron, (dem.) of Miss., mane a conference report on the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriations bit. He sinted that the bill as it passed the flouse made appropriations less by \$101,000 that the like bill or the last subsion; that the Senate other exceptions of the amount of \$34,500 and the flouse conferees and yielded to the amount of \$34,500 and that the oil of last sension. The recort was agreed to.

Under the bill as it now stands the salaries of the minusters to Great Britain, France, Germany and Russis remain at \$17,500, instead of \$15,000, as voted by the flouse, and those of the Minusters to Great Britain, France, Germany and Russis remain at \$17,500, instead of \$15,000. As you had the flouse and static, only lostead of \$10,000. The missions to Bigium, Notherlands and the Argentine Republic are restored to the \$1,500 class; the salary of the Minuster to Haytis is put wack from \$6,000 to \$7,500, and that of the Minuster to Inspiral from \$2,500 to \$4,000. Provision is made for chargés d'affaires at Denmark, Paragony and Uruguny (combined) and Switzerland at \$6,000 is the Consul General at Wrenn, Frankfort, Kome and Constantinople to \$5,000; on the consuls general at Vienne, Frankfort, Kome and Constantinople to \$5,000; of the consuls general at Vienne, Frankfort, Kome and Constantinople to \$6,000, and time appropriations, reported a bill appropriation general at Vienne, Frankfort, Kome and Consta

Mr. HURCHARD, (rep.) of III, next called up the bill to amend the internal revenue laws.

Mr. Cox, (dem.) of N. Y., raised the question of consideration (desiring to get up his bill for lite saving stations) but the House voted to take up Mr. Burchard's bill—00 to 75—and proceeded to its consideration as in Committee of the Whole (Mr. Carlisle, of Kentucky, in the chair). The bill covers forly-nice printed pages, and merely makes changes in the duties of officers and in the technical execution of the internal revenue laws. After considering but three pages of the bill the matter went over without action.

Mr. Baseo, (dem.) of Wis, introduced a bill to secure the most efficient arms for the use of the regular army and the miliths. Referred.

The House then, at twenty minutes to five o'clock, took a recess until hall-past seven o'clock the evening sessions to be for debute only.

When the House adjourns to-night it will be to meet on Friday night, pursuant to a previous order.

ARMY INT. LLIGENCE.

LEAVES OF ABSENCE GRANTED-ORDER ACCEPT-ING RESIGNATION BEVOKED.

Washington, May 29, 1878. Leave of absence for six months is granted Captain M. Bascom, Inirteenth infantry. Leave of absence for eight months, with permission to go beyond the ses, is granted Captain Thomas P. Quinn, Fourth infantry. Leave of absence for six mouths, with permission to apply for an extension of two months, is granted First Lieutepant Charles F. Rac. Eleventh in-

By direction of the President, the special order accepting the resignation of First Licutement Thomas J. Spencer, Tenth Cavairy, is revoked. Captain George A. Ames is ordered to report by letter to the Superintendent-General Recruiting Service for duty, in conducting a detachment of recruits to the Tenth it-iantry.

NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.

ORDERS-DETACHED FROM THE NAVAL ACADEMY. WASHINGTON, May 29, 1878. Assistant Surgeon J. A. Tanner is ordered to the practice steamer Maynower at Annapolis, Md. Paymaster U. S. Konny is ordered to the Mayflower. Chief Engineer J. W. Thomson is ordered to the Alaska at New York. Lieutenant Commander A. D. Brown is detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to command the Mayflower. Lieutenant John C. Saley is detached from the Naval Academy and ordered as executive of the Mayflower. Passed Assistant Engineers Robert Crawford and C. H. Greenfield are detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the Mayflower.

THE TENNESSEE ARRIVED AT GIBRALTAR PLOM VILLA FRANCA. LONDON, May 29, 1878.

The United States, steamer Tennossoe, arrived a Gibraliar on May 22 from Villa Franca.

THE PLYMOUTH AT PENSACOLA IN TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD 1 PENSACOLA, May 29, 1878. The United States steamer rigmouth arrived here

this morning. All well on board. THE INGERSOLLS AGAIN

There are lew family defliculties that have so often been made the subject of police court investigation as those of William F. ingersoil and his wite Mary. The tory which was yesterday recalled in the Jefferson Market Police Court dates back simost a year to the evening when Ingersoll, armed with a knife, assaulted Astemblyman James Hayes while he was standing on the stoop of a house in Chariton street, whither he had excerted a lady. The assainant was orged to make the attempt from a jealousy he conceived for Rayes, whom he believed to be intimate rith his wife. Mrs. Ingersoil, to free berseif from further annoyance, determined to secure a divorce, and in turn adopted her husband's system of espionage, which enabled her on October 6 to bring suit against him. Since that neither party has come before the public, and it was believed that separation and the intervention of the law had effectually ended the fond. But Ingersoil is not a man who yields so easily, and all along he kept watch upon the woman's actions. Since the adjournment of the Legislature these jesious attentions have been recoubled, from a motive Ingersoil makes no pretence of conceasing. He passed her place of residence frequently, and on the streets, site says, he was accussomed to accost her and annov her with his importunities. At length there was trouble—an encounter on a stop in Thirty-accond street, nard words, perhaps blows, and a scene on the sidewalk, the result of all which was Ingersoil's arrest and arrangement yesterday in the Jofferson Market Police Court. He was placed by Judge Murray under \$500 ball to appear for trial. law had effectually ended the feud. But Ingersoll to

SHOPLIFTERS ARRESTED. Detectives Ferris and Snelly, while walking down

Broadway yesterday, had their attention attracted by the suspicious movements of a man and woman who were coming out of the dry goods store of Kaughran & Co. They walked past the detectives and turned down Eleventh street. The woman was seen to down Eleventh street. The woman was seen to hand a package to the man, which the latter concealed under his coat. They next returned to Broadway and entered the store of Le Boutiflier Broadway and entered the store of Le Boutiflier Broadway in the latter place the detectives arressed them, and on being rearrened at the Central Office tweive pairs of gloves were found in possession of the man, while the woman had a piece of lace goods secreted under her dress. They gave their names as John Sullivan, of No. 39 Mulberty street, and Pradence Martin, whose place of residence was not ascertained. They will be arraigned at court this morning.

DECORATION DAY.

Official Programme Issued by the Grand Army.

THE PROCESSION.

Regular Orders Governing the Line of March and Movements.

The celepration of to-day bids fair to excel anything f a similar nature ever witnessed in this city. The military pageant will be especially gorgeous, and the preparations by the Committee of the Grand Army of he Republic have been on a scale of unusual magnitude. The following is the official programme for the

day as issued by this committee:—

FARADE OF THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC.

V. Scherman, General U. S. A., and Sunff,
accompanied by Major General W. S. Handock and Staff,
and occorted by fifty general officers of the late war.
Admiral S. D. Frenchard and other officers. U. S. N.
M.-jor General John C. Robinson, Commander-in-Chief,
G. A. K., and Staff,
Major General Joseph Homer, with the Mexican War
Veterans and various other civic and military organizations, all escorted by the First Division, N. G., S. N. Y., the
whole reviewed by
His Excellency Lucius Robinson, Governor of New York,
accommanded by the Homershie The Mayor and Common
Council of the city of New York,
PROCKSSION.

The order of the procession will be as follows:-

The order of the procession will be as follows:

ESCORT-FIRST DIVISION N.G., S.N.T.,
Major General A texander chaier, commanding,
Assistant Adjuint General and Chief of Staff, Colonel
Henry A. Gildersleve,
Division Inspector, Colonel Carl Jussen,
Division Mudge Advocate, Colonel A. W. Sheldon,
Division Audge Advocate, Colonel A. W. Sheldon,
Division Judge Advocate, Colonel A. W. Sheldon,
Chief of Artillery, Co-enel C. B. Mitcheth,
Division Inspector Ride Practice, Leutenant Colonel E.

Santori,
Ordnance Officer, Lieutenant Colonel C. A. Post,
Division Quartermaster, Lieutenant Colonel C. A. Post,
Division Commissary, Lieutenant Colonel P. A. W. Palne,
Beparate Troop A. Captain Karl Klein, commanding,
Separate Troop B. Captain L. T. Baser, commanding,
Reigndier General John M. Varian, commanding,
Seventh regiment, Colonel Emmons Clara, commanding,
Sixty minth regiment, Colonel Lieures D. Scott, commanding,
Sighth regiment, Colonel Lieures D. Scott, commanding

First Brigade.
Brigadier General William G, Ward, commanding.
enty-second regiment, Colonel Jesiah Porter, command

Twenty-record regiment, Colonel J-siah Porter, commanding,
Fith regiment, Colonel Charles S. Spencer, commanding.
Twentth regiment, Colonel S. V. S. Gruger, commanding.
Battery K, Captain Augustus Hoelzte, commanding.
Second Brigade.
Brigadler General Frederick Vilnar, commanding.
Seventy-first regiment, Colonel Richard Vose, commanding.
Eleventh regiment, Colonel Frederick Unbekant, commanding. Ninth regiment, Lieutenant Golonel M. P. L. Montgomery, commanding,
Third Cawairy. Colonel John H. Budke, commanding.
Grand Marsoal—Comrade Henry A. Barnum.
General Staff—Comrade Henry A. Barnum.
General Staff—Comrade James H. Bailey, Adjutant General; Joseph Forbes, Assistant Adjutant General; J. Barclay Fassit, Ordinance officer, d. G. J. Langblen, Judge Advocate; Louis schrait, Quarenmaster teneral; J. Gray Boyd, Embeer officer; P. L. de Quiratto, in spector teneral; B. A. Willis, Paymaster femeral, Max Raelle, M. D., Modical Director, Kithurn Knox, Commissary tienetal, and Rev. S. B. Willis, Chapisin.
Assistant Marsbals—Comrades W. M. Daliman, Levi Stockwell, E. F. Linten, W. H. Stiner, M. Mayer, J. W. Biowning, Joseph H. Meredith, H. H. Green and J. M. Dußols, Aldes-de-Camm—Comrades E. M. Middlebrock, Deanis Sullivan, Jacob Miller, H. H. Schnuman, William McEnter, J. A. Jou, George H. Cooper, C. A. Dick and A. M. C. Smith, Jr.
W. T. Sherman, General U. S. A., and W. S. Hancock. Ninth regiment, Lieutenant Colonel M. P. L. Montgomery,

Smith, Jr.
W. T. Sherman, General U. S. A., and W. S. Hancock,
Major tieneral U. S. A., in barouches.
Staffs:—

W. T. Sherman, General U. S. A., and W. S. Hancock.
Major General U. S. A., in barouches.
Staffs.
General J. G. Easton.
General L. C. Easton.
General A. McD. McClok,
General Richard Arnold.
General A. J. Ferry.
Special escort, in carriages,
Gen. H. W. Slocum,
Gen. A. E. Bunnido,
Gen. J. G. Bunnido,
Gen. M. T. McMahon,
Gen. J. S. Stains,
Gen. W. F. Smith,
Gen. W. F. Smith,
Gen. J. G. Sirkies,
Gen. J. R. Sirkies,
Gen. J. R. Sirkies,
Gen. J. R. Sirkies,
Gen. J. R. Sirkies,
Gen. J. G. Barnard,
Gen. J. H. Tower,
Gen. J. H. Tower,
Gen. J. H. Tower,
Gen. J. H. Shenham,
Gen. J. G. Barlow,
Unn. H. B. Davies, Jr.,
Gen. M. W. V. Averill,
Gen. W. B. Franslin,
Gen. F. C. Barlow,
Unn. H. B. Davies, Jr.,
Gen. Max Weber,
Gen. George S. Greene,
Gen. George S. Greene,
Gen. George W. Psimer,
Gen. J. C. Pincansey,
Gen. M. J. Gen. S. Webb,
Gen. S. W. Crawford,
Gen. J. C. Pincansey,
Gen. J. C. Pincansey,
Gen. J. C. Pincansey,
Gen. M. J. Gen. S. Webb,
Gen. S. W. Crawford,
Gen. J. C. Pincansey,
Gen. M. J. Gen. S. Webb,
Gen. S. W. Crawford,
Gen. S. W. Crawford,
Gen. S. D. Trenchard,
Captain T. S. Pillebrown,

Lieutenant Commander F. K. Chadwick.
Chief Engineer B. B. H. Wharton.
Admirai's Necretary John Stoder.
Surgeon Somerset Robinson.
Past Assistant Surgeon W. S. Dixon.
Assistant Surgeon W. S. Dixon.
Assistant Surgeon R. S. Dixon.
Comrade J. C. Robinson, Commander-in-Chief. G.A. R.,
and staff.
Comrade Constantine Nitsche, Senior Vice Department Commander,
General N. P. Bansa, Orator of the day.
General N. P. Bansa, Orator, Cypress Hills.
Comrade Lotter R. S. Carle, Orator, Cypress Hills.
Comrade Nelson Cross, Chairman Memorias Committee.
Comrade Lotter Crandall, Past Grand Marshal.
Comrade J. R. Raya, Fresiding Officer, Cypress Hills.
Comrade John Crandall, Past Grand Marshal.
Comrade James Tanner, Past Department Commander.
First Division.
Governor's Island Rand. U. S. A.
Governor's Island Rand. U. S. A.
Sides-de-Camp-Comrades J. S. Dingwall and F. A. Shilling.
Naval Battery, composed of Saliors and Marines from the
Fowlastan and training slip Minnesota, Lieutenant
Commander H. C. White, Commanding.
Light Battery, Commander P. S. Pingwall and F. A. Shilling.
Mexican Wer Veneral Late, Commanding.
Mexican Finite Hells of the Hilliam Linn Tidball,
Commanding, accompanded by Hilliam Linn Tidball,
Commanding, accompanded by Hilliam Linn Tidball,
Commanding, Elizabeth, N. J.
Comrade J. W. Jacobus, Marshal.
Aidea-de-Camp-Comman Billiam Linn Tidball,
Washington Continents Grays, Sebond battalion, LieuFinite Holel Commanding.
Washington Continents Grays, Sebond battalion, LieuFinite Hells of September Late, Captains Well and
Hemmerdinger, Commanding.
Washington Continents Grays, Sebond battalion.
Band.

Stidmore Guard, Major Andrew Brown, Commanding,
Washington Continents Grays of Commanding.
Washington Continents Grays of Commanding.
Washington Continents Grays of Commanding.
Washington Continents Grays of Command

Skidmore Guard, Najor Andrew Brown, Commanding.

Sons of Norgan, C. C. Gordon, Fresident,

Abraham Lincoin Postum. 1979.

Abraham Lincoin Postum. 1979.

Brites, Commanding.

Brites, Commanding.

Brites Companding.

Fortes, Commanding.

Commade R. B. Montgomery, Marshal.

Aidos-de-Camps-Commanding.

Brigade Fire Department, .ew York City-Charles G. Shay, Assistant Chief of Bepartment, Commanding.

Brigade Fire Department, .ew York City-Charles G. Shay, Assistant Chief of Bepartment, Commanding.

William W. Rhedes, Chief of Battalion, Commanding.

Milliam W. Rhedes, Chief of Battalion, Commanding.

Right Company No. 19, Foreman Francis Mahedy.

Ragine Company No. 33, Foreman John J. Bresnan,

Jagine Company No. 33, Foreman John J. Bresnan,

Jagine Company No. 34, Foreman Hamilton F. Perieg.

Hook and Ladder Company No. 6, Foreman Francis

Kurray.

Edward W. Wilhelm, Chief of Battalion, Commanding.

Engine Company No. 35, Foreman William Shaw.

Edward W. Wilhelm, Chief of Battalion, Commanding.

Engine Company No. 25, Foreman Jonech Poynton,

Pegine Company No. 25, Foreman Jone Castles,

Engine Company No. 25, Foreman Jone Company No. 25, Foreman Jonech Poynton,

Pegine Company No. 25, Foreman Hamilton F. Lenders,

Hook and Ladder Company No. 12, Foreman Jonech Hookers,

Hook and Ladder Company No. 12, Foreman Banes

Waiton.

Band.

Battalion Veteran Guard—cloined James B. Lee, Commanding.

FORETA DIVISION.

Battalion Veteran Guard-Colonel James B. Lee, Commanding,
FOURTH BIVISION,
Koltes Post B. nu. J. Kauer, Leader,
Comrade F. Passeger, Narshal,
Alder-de-Camp-Contrades Charles Riegor and Henry
liegoel,
Koltes Post, No. 32, G. A. R. Comrade Herrman W. Thom, Koltes Post, No. 32, G. A. R., Comrade Herrman W. Thom, Commanding.

30th N. Y. Vol. Veteran Association (Garibaldi Guard).

41st N. Y. Vol. Veteran Association.

45th N. Y. Vol. Veteran Association.

68th N. Y. Vol. Veteran Association.

Veteran Singing Society.

Firm Division.

Comrade Joseph Hatfield, Marshal.

Alder-de-Camp-Comrades. S. W. Johnson and Mor.

Dahlgren Post, No. 113, G. A. R., Comrade P. M. Vincent. Debigren Post, No. 113, G. A. R., Comrade F. M. Vincent, Commending.
Veteran Corps 47th Regionalt N. I. Voiunteers, Joseph W. Parker, President.
Hawkins Zonaves, Sergeant John Best, Commanding.
Brum Corps.
Veteran Association 42d Regionalt, Captain James K. Casey, Commanding.
W. D. Kennedy Post, No. 42, G. A. R., Comrade Thomas Abbott, Commanding.
ELXTO DIVISION.

Bard, Comrade Gustave Nehmeider, Marshal.
Aides-de-Camp Comrades Louis Brusiaff and Charles F. Figur.
Barbara Frichie Post, No. 14, G.A.R., Greenpoint, R. V. Young, commanding.

Young commanding.
Drum Corps
Cameron Post, No. 79, G.A.E., Comrade John Nugent.

Auderson Post, No. 58, G.A.R., Comrade J. Gray Boyd, Baitimore Battailon American District Telegraph Com-pany, commanding. New York Battailon American District Telegraph Com-

Voteran Corps Sixty-ninth Regiment, Colonel John Coonan,

pany, H. W. Pope and Colonel D. E. Gregory, command-

Comrade William F Phelps, Marshal.
Aides-de-tamp-Comrades S. & Alsms and J. S. Nally.
Wadascorth Fost, No. 77, G.A.R., Comrade Charles K.
Swith, commanding.
Phil Rearny Post, No. 5, G.A.R., Conrade B. T. Morgan,
Commanding.
Summer Fost, No. 24, G.A.R., Conrade James M. Smith,
Commanding.

Anderson Zouaves, Captam Geo. H. Mosser, commanding, Eiker Post, No. 62, G.A.E., Courade Jacob Weising, com-Oestreich Singing Social, Chas. Swohota, President,
Danish Veteran Association, J. P. Liodher, er. Pr. sid nt.
Parragut Pest, Ku. 75, tt. A. K. Comrade R. H. Gresne,
commanding.
Kimball Pest, No. 100, G. A.R. Comrade J. K. Perley, com-Elisworth Post, No 67, G.A. R., Comrado G. A. Riley, com-J. C. Blee Post, No. 29, G. A.R., Cemrade W. Robacher O. Hiden Post, No. 26, G.A.R., Comrade W. M. Bogert, Geo. G. Meade Post, No. 38, ts. A.R., Comrade W. Finley Rawlins Post, No. 80, G. A. K. Comrade M. A. Reed, com

Parade:

GINERAL ORDERS NO 2

HEADQUARTERS SHAND MARSPAL (
L.—The formation of the law look, May 27, 187... (
L.—The formation of the parading column for Decoration
Day, May 30, 1978, will be as herewith published. The
secort, First division, N.G.S.N.Y., Major teneral Algaander Shaier commanding, will rendezous in the streets
crossing Fifth avenar, between Thirty-fourth street and
Thirty-first street, and move as ten o clock A. M.

II.—The divisions of the Grand Army column will be
formed in close column in the streets below Thirty-first
street, as follows:
First division in East Thirtisth steet right resting on
Fitth avenue.

Second division in West Twenty-ninth street, right at Fifth
avenue.

Third division in East Twenty-ninth street, right at Fifth
avenue. Third division in East Twenty-ninth street, right at left of Third division.

Pilth division in West Twenty-ninth street, right at Pifth street, right at Pifth street, right at Pifth street.

Sixth division in East Twenty-sighth street, right at Pifth street. Seventh division in East Twenty eighth street, right at left of Seventh division in East Twenty eighth street, right at left division.

Eighth division in East Twenty-seventh street, right at left with division in East Twenty-seventh street, right at left of Eighth division.

The Grand Marshal and stiff General Sherman and escort and other greats in carriages will form in West Thirtieth, The Grand Marshal and staff, General Sherman and escort and other guests in variages will form in West Phirtieth, right resting at Fifth assaus. The column will move to the shore order as soon as uncovered by the escort.

HI.—The line of march with be down Fifth avenue to Fourseenth street, to Broadway, to the point of review by the deneral of the Army.

IV.—At the Worth Monument the honors of a marching sainte will be poid his Excellency Lucius Robinson, Governor of New York, accompanied by His Honor the Mayor of the city of New York and other civic and military officials. of the city of New York and other civic and military officials.

V.—At Warren street, the G. A. R. posts and accompanying organizations will pass in review before W. F. Shermau, temoral of the United States Army, accompanied by Major General W. S. Hancock, U. S. A. Admiral S. D. Trenchard, U. S. N., and our other chainguished guests.

VI.—After passing the tieneral of the Army, at Warren street, the Posts and such other organizations as desire will proceed to the various cemeteries and decorate the graves of our desd comrades.

VII.—The stuff of the Grand Marshal and division marshals and their sides will assemble, mounted, at Ao. 23 West Thirtieth street, at nine o'clock A. M.

By order of Comrade Henry A. Barnum, Grand Marshal, JAMES H. BAILEY,

Adjutant General and Chief of Staff.

JOSEPH FORRES, Assistant Adjutant General.

EVENING CEREMONIES.

The following is the programme for the ceremonies t Booth's Theatre this evening:—

at Booth's Theatre this evening:

General Lloyd Aspin and presiding,
Musle

Governor's Islant Band, U. S. A.

Bev. Henry Ward Beecher.

"Judge Me. O God," Mendelssohn.

"Vocal Union of New York,
Address.

"W. T. Sherman, General U. S. A.

"Marching Through Georgia". Vocal Union of New York,
Reading, "Our Army of the Dond".

Mrs. George Vandenhoff.

Oration.

"Stars of the Summer Night," Smert.

Vocal Union of New York,
To commence at eight o'clock.

To commence at eight o'clock. In Jersey City Decoration Day will be observed generally as a holiday. All the public offices and courts will be closed and flags at half mast will be displayed from all the public buildings. The different posts of the Grand Army of the Republic will assemble at their respective bendquarters between eight and nine A. M., and proceed thence to the cemeteries to which they have been respectively avaigned. The cemeteries to be visited will be the Jersey City, bt. Poters, Westmide, New York Bay, Bergen, Speero. Hoboken and Weshawkon. Returning the Posts will assemble at Bergen square, Jersey City Heights where an address will be delivered by William McAdoo, E.q. The Posts will proceed thence to the New York Bay Cometery, where an oration will be delivered at three P. M. by K. F. McDonaid. In the evening, memorial services will be held at the Tabernsole, Henderson street, Jersey City, at which Hon. B. W. Throckmorton and others will deliver addresses.

In Hoboken, besides the parade of the Grand Army Posts, there will be a review of the Sunday schools by Mayor Besson and other city officials.

THE PRESIDENT AT GEITYSBURG.

The Presidential party, consisting of President Hayes, Secretary McCrary and Attorney General Devens, General Butler, the orator of day, and twentynine other members of Congress, arrived here tend the ceremonies of Decoration Day. The President and Attorney General Devens are the guests of Ed-ward McPherson, at whose residence a reception was given to-night. After the reception President Hayes, Secretary McCrary and General Butler were seronated in turn. The town is filled with strangers, and all hotels are crowded.

TO BE CONFIRMED.

Six hundred children are to be confirmed to-day by Cardinal McCloskey, at St. Mary's Catholic Church on New York avenue, Clifton, S. I. The children will except the Cardinal from the steamboat landing to the church.

THE CHARGES AGAINST MAS. TILTON.

A meeting of the Plymouth Church Examining Committee was held last evening at the residence o the chairman, Mr. S. V. White, on Columbia Heights Of the six members composing the committee five were present. The secretary, who had at the last meeting been requested to visit Mrs. Barbara Walton for the purpose of calling her attention to an informality in the charge preferred by her against Mrs. Tilton and Mrs. Morse, inasmuch as the latter was no longer a member of Plymouth Church, presented formulated charges from Mrs. Walton against Mrs. Tilton. These accuse Mrs. Tilion, first, of talsebood in the matter of calumniating Mr. Beecher in a card recontly given by her for publication in the newspapers, and second, of a violation of her covenant with the church, in that she caused said card to be published instead of first submitting it to the church. The committee voted to entertain the charges and slav to have Mrs. Titton served with a copy of the same. The latter measure signifies that noder the rules of Plymoth Church Mrs. Titton is aforded an opportunity of appearing before the committee to Explain, or endeavor to exablish the latest charge mide by her against Mr. Beecher, should she choose to adopt that course. In the event of her not doing so the committee, it as understood, will take no further action in the premises. Mr. Beecher in a card recontly given by her for pub

MRS. GORDON'S ARREST.

Mrs. Cetta Gordon, of No. 204 East Sixty-third street, who was arrested by Officer Fulmer, of the Twenty-eighth precinct, on Tuesday night, but subsequently allowed to go home after a few hours' measuration on a certificate of ill-health, was before Judge Dully yesterday. Mrs. Stokes, of No. 1,059 Inird avenue, at whose instance Mrs. Gordon was arrested, was also present with her little boy, John arrested, was also present with her little boy, John Stokes, aged ten years, who, it was charged, had been struck by Mra. Gordon with a pair. Mrs. Gordon explained the entire circumstances, as reported in yesterday's issue, and Judge Delly seemed convinced that it was accidental, and the boy more or less to blame. He was shout to discharge Mrs. Gordon, but Mrs. Stokes was learful less the boy's wound might turn out to be more serious than it at present appeared, and ane asked that Mrs. Gordon be hold for examination. The Judge postponed the further hearing indefinitely, and allowed Mrs. Gordon to go on her parele to appear when called for.

THE WABASH RAILWAY COMPANY.

In the suit of Tyson vs. The Wabash Railway Company yesterday, before Commissioner Osborne, James A. Roosevelt, president of the company; J. W. Elina a director, and Mr. Seney, president of the Metropolitan National Bank, were examined. Mr. Roosevell itan National Bank, were examined. Mr. Roosevelt testified that the surpius announced in March, 1878, amounting to \$168,000, represented what would have been a surplus, supposing that the Junding scheme had been finished and that there were no other expenses paid; Mr. Ellis testified that the old company was sold for \$1,600,000 in capital stock of the new company, the bank indebtedness to be assumed by the latter; the stock was sold, but tentents on the dodar was the sum it was sold back for. Mr. Seney's testimony was to the effect that the Metropolitan National Bank had acred as agents of the Company, and that the money deposited on May 1 to pay the interest on the second mortgage bonds was not deposited to the credit of the company. The money of the ratiway company was always kept at foldes.